

IBM

Exam C9510-669

SOA Fundamentals (2008)

Version: 5.0

[Total Questions: 108]

Topic break down

Topic	No. of Questions
Topic 1: A	54
Topic 2: B	54

Topic 1, A

A

Question No : 1 - (Topic 1)

Which SOA architectural concept is applied as an organization combines services to perform a business process?

- A. Modularity
- B. Composition
- C. Encapsulation
- D. Separation of concerns

Answer: B**Question No : 2 - (Topic 1)**

When services are identified based on isolated applications rather than the business, which problem may result?

- A. Rogue Services
- B. Duplicate Services
- C. Shelfware Services
- D. Application Services

Answer: B**Question No : 3 - (Topic 1)**

What is made more difficult by moving to SOA?

- A. Outsourcing of business functions.
- B. Ensuring Quality of Service (QoS) objectives are met.
- C. Changing business processes to meet government regulations.
- D. Providing a role-based portal for employees, partners and customers.

Answer: B**Question No : 4 - (Topic 1)**

What describes a task within a modeled business process?

- A. The description of steps required to complete a unit of work
- B. Each task represents a work item performed by a system or human
- C. The transition that takes place for the business process to continue
- D. When a human completes a task it is marked complete allowing the process to proceed

Answer: B

Question No : 5 - (Topic 1)

When releasing a new service version, which changes to the WSDL document are backward-compatible?

- A. Adding an operation
- B. Removing an operation
- C. Renaming an operation
- D. Changing the parameters of an operation

Answer: A

Question No : 6 - (Topic 1)

What does the information in the service registry support?

- A. The complete service lifecycle
- B. Runtime lookup of service endpoints
- C. Enhances messages through mediation
- D. Transformation of messages between different technologies

Answer: B

Question No : 7 - (Topic 1)

What is contained in an SOA repository as opposed to a registry?

- A. Service policy information
- B. Versions of software components
- C. Uncommitted transactions to enable compensation handling
- D. Service endpoint information to facilitate dynamic binding at runtime

Answer: A

Question No : 8 - (Topic 1)

When starting the journey to SOA, which action should be taken first?

- A. Create a pilot project to demonstrate the value of SOA to the business.
- B. Establish a development environment for shared services that can be used across the enterprise.
- C. Obtain organizational commitment to the SOA direction at the appropriate business and IT levels.
- D. Choose the correct Enterprise Service Bus (ESB) vendor as all other artifacts in the environment will be connected to this.

Answer: C

Question No : 9 - (Topic 1)

Which capabilities reside within the Enterprise Service Bus (ESB)?

- A. Service mediation and routing logic
- B. Service logic and message transformation
- C. Service implementations and service access control
- D. Service routing and a registry of service endpoints

Answer: A

Question No : 10 - (Topic 1)

Organizations that do not adopt SOA will experience which outcome?

- A. The adoption of Web 2.0 technologies will be more problematic.
- B. Outsourcing non-core business functions will become impractical.
- C. The potential value of existing IT assets will not be fully realized.
- D. The implementation of Web services to handle real-time transactions will not be possible.

Answer: C

Question No : 11 - (Topic 1)

From an IT perspective, what is the primary goal of moving to SOA?

- A. Make IT more accountable
- B. Increase the flexibility of IT
- C. Technology and platform independence
- D. Reduce short-term development and maintenance costs

Answer: B

Question No : 12 - (Topic 1)

Why is reusability an important aspect to promoting agility in SOA?

- A. Services often represent functions in an SOA.
- B. Existing applications may serve as the basis for service interfaces.
- C. The interface of a service allows it to be integrated into additional processes without changes.
- D. Service interface details may be defined at a high level according to anticipated business requirements.

Answer: C

Question No : 13 - (Topic 1)

Which three characteristics of SOA can make a business more agile?

- A. Defining rules for business
- B. Enforcing governance processes
- C. Creating components that can be shared
- D. Maintaining up-to-date application interfaces
- E. Building applications from reusable components
- F. Changing the implementation without affecting the consumers

Answer: C,E,F

Question No : 14 - (Topic 1)

What provides the most value in helping developers find existing SOA services and driving reuse?

- A. Service monitoring
- B. An asset repository
- C. The Enterprise Service Bus (ESB)
- D. Access services to legacy systems

Answer: B

Question No : 15 - (Topic 1)

What is a primary need for implementing SOA governance?

- A. Multiple projects are being implemented concurrently.
- B. The project office is required to report to executive management.
- C. Services are developed, maintained and owned by multiple stakeholders.
- D. Government regulations dictate compliance with government requirements.

Answer: C

Question No : 16 - (Topic 1)

Which need drives a project to use an SOA approach?

- A. Business flexibility
- B. Resource virtualization
- C. Application integration
- D. Improved systems management

Answer: A

Question No : 17 - (Topic 1)

What are two recommended approaches to SOA adoption?

- A. SOA adoption involves incremental change.
- B. Select a business pilot and enable a line of business.
- C. SOA adoption involves a complete and immediate change.
- D. The transition to SOA begins with the selection of appropriate technology.