

# APC Exam DU0-001

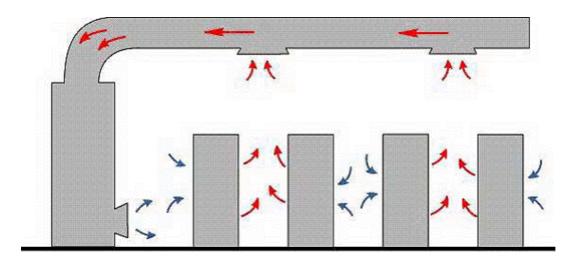
# **Data Center University Associate Certification**

Version: 6.0

[ Total Questions: 325 ]

https://certkill.com

## Question No : 1

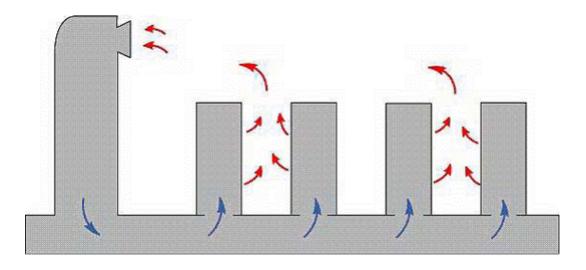


Which air distribution method is displayed in this picture?

- A. Flooded supply, fully ducted return
- B. Flooded supply, locally ducted return
- C. Locally ducted supply, flooded return
- **D.** Locally ducted supply, flooded return

#### **Answer: B**

### Question No: 2



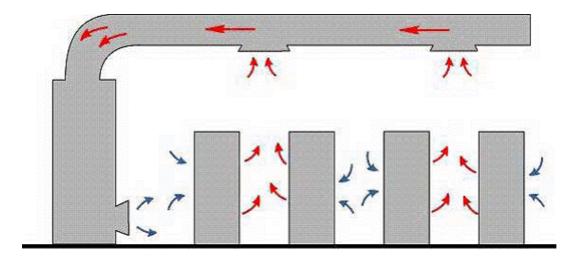
Which air distribution method is displayed in this picture?

- A. Fully ducted supply, flooded return
- B. Flooded supply, fully ducted return
- **C.** Flooded supply, locally ducted return
- D. Locally ducted supply, flooded return

**Answer: A** 

**Question No: 3** 

Click the Exhibit button.



Which air distribution method is displayed in the exhibit?

- A. Flooded supply, flooded return
- B. Flooded supply, fully ducted return
- C. Flooded supply, locally ducted return
- **D.** Locally ducted supply, flooded return

**Answer: A** 

**Question No: 4** 

What is the highest cost UPS configuration?

- **A.** System + system
- B. Parallel redundant

APC DU0-001 : Practice Test

- C. Isolated redundant
- **D.** Distributed redundant

**Answer: A** 

**Question No:5** 

What is the difference between an undervoltage and a sag?

- **A.** A sag lasts less time than an undervoltage condition.
- **B.** A sag has less of a voltage drop than an undervoltage condition.
- **C.** A sag is due to downstream loads and undervoltage is due to the power source.
- **D.** A sag occurs in low voltage distribution and undervoltage occurs in high voltage distribution.

**Answer: A** 

**Question No: 6** 

What is required for the transfer of heat from one object to another?

- A. A difference in airflow
- B. A difference in volume
- **C.** A difference in pressure
- **D.** A difference in temperature

**Answer: D** 

**Question No:7** 

What does the CFD acronym stand for?

- A. Certified Field Dichotomy
- B. Circular Flow Determination
- C. Computational Finite Deviation

D.	Com	putational	Fluid	D	ynamics
----	-----	------------	-------	---	---------

**Answer: D** 

#### **Question No:8**

The rear of an IT equipment rack is fitted with a duct that is connected to a drop ceiling plenum; the plenum is connected by a duct to the perimeter CRAC unit. The CRAC unit discharges air into a raised floor. The IT equipment rack is located above a hole in the raised floor which allows conditioned air to enter the rack.

This is an example of which type of air distribution system?

- **A.** Flooded supply, fully ducted return
- B. Locally ducted supply, flooded return
- C. Flooded supply, locally ducted return
- **D.** Fully ducted supply, fully ducted return

Answer: D

#### **Question No:9**

Cooling towers are a typical component of which heat rejection system?

- A. Water cooled system
- B. Glycol cooled system
- C. Air cooled split system
- **D.** Air cooled self-contained system

**Answer: A** 

#### **Question No: 10**

Which type of humidification system uses quartz lamps extended over an open pool of



water to release water vapor?

- A. Infrared humidifier
- B. Ultrasonic humidifier
- **C.** Electromagnetic humidifier
- D. Steam canister humidifier

**Answer: A** 

**Question No: 11** 

What is an advantage of choosing a four-post open frame rack over a two-post open frame rack?

- A. Lower cost
- B. Smaller footprint
- **C.** Easier assembly
- D. Increased strength

**Answer: D** 

**Question No: 12** 

How do enclosures improve rack system cooling?

- **A.** By improving natural air flow
- **B.** By improving fire suppression
- C. By allowing hot and cold air to mix together
- **D.** By preventing hot and cold air from mixing together

**Answer: D** 

**Question No: 13** 

An infrared scan of cabling can detect what two problems? (Choose two.)

#### APC DU0-001 : Practice Test

- A. An overloaded circuit
- B. A loose connection
- C. Compatibility errors
- D. Electrical interference

Answer: A,B

**Question No: 14** 

What are three benefits of Inergen? (Choose three.)

- A. It is non-conductive.
- **B.** It has zero ozone depletion potential.
- C. It has a low pressure delivery system.
- **D.** It requires less storage tanks than Halon.
- **E.** It is safe to discharge in an occupied area.

Answer: A,B,E

**Question No: 15** 

What is a component of the network-critical physical infrastructure (NCPI)?

- A. Voice over IP
- **B.** Fire protection
- C. Office supplies
- D. Desktop application software

**Answer: B** 

Question No : 16

What is an example of a standard building management system (BMS) protocol?

A. IPV6



- B. TCP/IP
- C. MODBUS
- **D.** 10/100 BASE-T

**Answer: C** 

**Question No: 17** 

What does the term "5-nines" availability mean?

- A. 5 minutes of downtime per year
- **B.** 9 minutes of downtime per year
- C. 14 minutes of downtime per year
- D. 45 minutes of downtime per year

**Answer: A** 

**Question No: 18** 

What would be a comprehensive strategy for protecting the most critical racks of a data center?

- A. Key access to the critical racks
- B. Video camera pointed directly at critical racks
- C. Iris scanner at the entrance to the data center
- **D.** Nested security perimeters with racks at the innermost level

**Answer: D** 

**Question No: 19** 

What are three advantages of biometric access control? (Choose three.)

- A. Cannot be lost
- **B.** Inexpensive to deploy
- C. Difficult to fool the sensor

#### APC DU0-001 : Practice Test

- D. Cannot be shared with others
- E. Always correctly identifies the user

Answer: A,C,D

**Question No: 20** 

Requiring frequent password changes can compromise security because \_\_\_\_\_.

- **A.** Users tend to write down frequently changed passwords
- **B.** It makes the password database an easier target for hackers
- C. It makes it harder for legitimate users to access their own data
- D. It burdens the IT help desk with requests for forgotten or expired passwords

**Answer: A** 

**Question No: 21** 

What describes the number of times AC current is switched back and forth over a period of 1 second?

- A. Voltage
- **B.** Frequency
- C. Amperage
- D. Power factor

**Answer: B** 

**Question No: 22** 

What describes the ratio of watts to volt-amps?

- **A.** Frequency
- B. Power factor
- C. Actual power

D.	qΑ	parent	power
			P

**Answer: B** 

#### **Question No: 23**

What is defined as the force of electricity moving through a circuit?

- A. Volt
- B. Amp
- C. Ohm
- **D.** Frequency

**Answer: A** 

#### **Question No: 24**

What is the unit of measurement of the electrical current moving through a circuit?

- A. Volt
- B. Amp
- C. Ohm
- **D.** Frequency

**Answer: B** 

#### **Question No: 25**

What is the unit of measurement of the electrical resistance of a circuit?

- A. Volt
- B. Amp
- C. Ohm
- **D.** Frequency